

# **Apalachicola River Blueway**

"The Apalachicola River is one of the most beautiful streams of North America, formed at the northern border of Florida by the junction of the Chattahoutchie and the Flint River; it crosses, making quite numerous turns, a region of great fertility, and empties near the town of Apalachicola." The Comte de Castelnau, 1837

This early description of the 105-mile Apalachicola River still holds true today. From its formation at the Jim Woodruff Dam near the Georgia border, the river is undammed and largely wild, flowing past large tracts of public and protected lands. High bluffs, abundant wildlife, and rare animals and plants make this river among the most unique in Florida, and at the right water conditions, large sandbars make for ideal primitive campsites. The following data should provide information about the basic access points and other amenities found along the river that can contribute to a successful paddling trip.

Please note that the river can have the fastest current in the state, so it is not recommended for beginners. Occasional mile markers along the shores, decreasing from 106 at the dam to 0 in Apalachicola, provide helpful navigational guides. Barge traffic and dredging are largely a thing of the past, but buoys, training dikes and large sand mounds are still visible. Numerous side streams, many of which are listed here, are worthy of exploration. Devon Creek, for example, (off Owl Creek) is a scenic watery tunnel beneath a thick canopy of cypress of tupelo gum trees.

One recommended side trip is to explore the Chipola River Dead Lakes area. This is a wide swampy area of both dead and living cypress trees originally formed by a naturally occurring levee that backed up the Chipola River. The area has stunning primeval beauty. From the Apalachicola River, it can be reached by taking the Chipola River cutoff just after Gaskin Park in Wewahitchka. After three miles, take a right onto the main channel of the Chipola River. A compass and/or GPS is recommended if venturing away from the main channel. GPS coordinates are provided in the data book if paddlers wish to stay at the <a href="Dead Lakes Park Campground">Dead Lakes Park Campground</a> (along a side channel west of the main Dead Lakes area) if open. The campground is about 6 miles from Gaskin Park.

While most of the ramps, campsites and points-of-interest in the data book can be easily spotted along the main Apalachicola River channel, GPS is recommended for finding the entrance to Owl Creek (mile 22) if you want to paddle the 1.5 miles to the Hickory Landing Campground. There are two creek entrances just before Owl Creek—Kennedy and Brushy Creeks—that can cause confusion.

Most sandbars are accessible for camping/rest stops and are within the public domain, although access to land beyond the ordinary high water mark might not be allowed. Please respect private property rights and regulations pertaining to lands managed by <a href="Torreya State Park">Torreya State Park</a> and the <a href="Nature Conservancy">Nature Conservancy</a> where water access is not allowed.

Water Levels: During low to moderate water levels, sandbars for rest stops and primitive campsites are numerous until Sand Mountain (mile 36), whereupon they are less prevalent as the ever-widening river flows past a largely swampy floodplain. Most sandbars are under water during high water conditions. The <u>USGS river gauge at Chattahoochee</u> should be below 44 feet for best paddling and camping conditions; the <u>USGS gauge at Blountstown</u> should be below 7 feet and the <u>USGS gauge near Sumatra</u> should be below 6 feet.

# For more information about the river and paddling, we recommend the following websites:

<u>Apalachicola Riverkeeper</u>: The Riverkeeper is the managing entity for the Apalachicola Blueway and coordinator of the annual <u>Apalachicola RiverTrek</u> each October.

<u>Northwest Florida Water Management District</u>: Website has several articles about the Apalachicola Basin.

<u>Apalachicola Paddling Trails System</u> in lower Apalachicola Basin: Nearly 100 miles of wilderness paddling trails on scenic creeks, side streams and small bays.

<u>Recommended gear and safety equipment</u>: This information is primarily for an overnight or multi-day trip on the river.

<u>Day Trip Paddling Tips and safety information</u>: This information is applicable for day and overnight trips. <u>Additional information for long distance trips</u>.

Wildlife viewing tips

## **Apalachicola River Paddling Data Book**

If paddling downstream, the east side of the river would be on your left and the west side on your right.

PC = Primitive campsite POI = Point of Interest/landmark

C = Campground LA = Laundromat W = Water

L = Lodging I = Internet computer PO = Post Office

R = Restaurant S = Shower G = medium/lg

supermarkets

B = Bathroom PI = Put-In g = convenience/camp

stores

River Mile #	Type of amenity	GPS # (decimal- degrees)	Directions
106	POI—Jim Woodruff Dam	N30.7088 W84.8639	Approach dam with caution
105	PI, B, W, C—Clyde Hopkins Park; R and g on Highway 90 .3 miles from landing; nearest motel 1 mile east on Hwy 90; PO .6 miles east.	N30.7007 W84.8575	In Chattahoochee, turn south off Highway 90 onto River Landing Road just east of the Apalachicola River Bridge. The road will wind down to the landing after a short distance.
105	C, L, R, B, W, g—future site of Chattahoochee Landings	N30.6913 W84.8614	East side of river; look for dock and sign.
103	POI, PI—Abandoned Jackson County Port	N30.6749 W84.8773	West side of river; marked by large wood loading dock and pilings. Ramp

			on side channel before port.
103	POI—Scholz Power Plant	N30.6687 W84.8863	West side of river; smokestacks, plant, intake canal and outflow visible
100	POI—I-10 Bridge	N30.6336 W84.9043	
100	PI—Aspalaga Ramp (check with Torreya State Park to see if open)	N30.6248 W84.9030	East side of river
98	POI, PC (small site)—Aspalaga blue springs run	N30.6141 W84.9247	West side of river; can hike to spring where a large alligator lives
96	PC—high sandbar	N30.5925 W84.9462	east side of river
95	POI—Gregory House/ <u>Torreya State</u> <u>Park</u>	N30.5786 W84.9494	East side of river; historic house and narrow clearing in front of house visible
94	PI, PC—Ocheesee Landing	N30.5820 W84.9651	West side of river
90.5	POI—Sweetwater Creek	N30.5253 W84.9883	East side of river; good flow
89	PI, PC—Redd's Landing	N30.5197 W84.9942	West side of river along canal. Great river view!
88	PI, PC—Harry Donar Landing	N30.5152 W84.9914	East side of river
84	PC—Alum Bluff low sandbar	N30.4713 W84.9878	West side of river—may not be visible at high water; Alum Bluff across river—no legal access. Higher sandbar a mile upriver on east side and one on west side less than a mile from Bristol Landing.
80	PI, B, W—Bristol Landing; L, R, PO about .6 miles from access road to Hwy 20; G another .6 east on Hwy 20.	N30.4403 W84.9865	East side of river
79	POI—Hwy 20 Bridge	N30.4371 W85.0010	

78	POI—Sutton Lake and Bayou	N30.4323	West side of river
		W85.0218	
77	PI—Neal Landing	N30.4235	West side of river
		W85.0324	
77	PC—long high sandbar	N30.4125	East side of river. Another sandbar .5
		W85.0286	on west side and at mile 74 on east
			side.
71	POI—Old River	N30.3785	West side of river
		W85.0333	
63	PI, B, W, PC—Estifinulga County Park	N30.3083	East side of river, camping allowed;
		W85.0400	large low sandbar across river is also a
			good primitive campsite. If this one is
			under water, a higher site is a quarter
			mile downstream on east side.
58	POI—Mary Slough/Lake Iamonia	N30.2729	West side of river; potential side trip
		W85.0631	
55	PC—high sandbar	N30.2481	east side of river
		W85.0796	
47	PC—high sandbar	N30.1780	east side of river
		W85.1361	
45	PI—Iola Landing	N30.1629	West side of river a short ways up
		W85.1412	slough
43	POI—Florida River	N30.1434	East side of river
		W85.1310	
42	PI, B, W—Gaskin Park, Wewahitchka	N30.1318	West side or river
		W85.1423	
41	POI—Chipola Cutoff	N30.1289	West side of river. It is a total of almost
		W85.1466	6 miles to Dead Lakes Campground.
41A	POI—entrance to West Arm leading to	N30.1418	Left side of main channel; large dead
	Dead Lakes Park Campground	W85.1768	cypress marked with ribbons and
			reflectors
41B	C, W, B, PI—Dead Lakes Park	N30.1360	Keep right in West Arm but avoid first

			campground ramp. Secure kayaks and walk to campground. First-come, first serve for camping. <b>Note: ramp is open but campground currently closed due to Hurricane Michael.</b> Check website.
39	PC—high sandbar	N30.1141	East side of river; another sandbar
		W85.1431	about .5 miles on west.
36	POI—Sand Mountain	N30.0926	West side of river; largest of the spoil
		W85.1531	disposal sites from dredging
35	POI—River Styx	N30.0871	East side of river
		W85.1364	
29	POI—Battle Bend	N30.0176	East side of river
		W85.1003	
26	POI—Chipola River	N30.0125	West side of river
		W85.0885	
26	POI—Kennedy Creek	N30.0045	East side of river
		W85.0623	
24	POI—Brushy Creek	N29.9902	East side of river
		W85.0405	
22	POI—Owl Creek	N29.9719	East side of river; leads 1.5 miles to
		W85.0246	Hickory Landing Campground. Little or
			no current. Scenic creek worth exploring along with Devon Creek
			(N29.9799 W85.0186), which branches
			off to the south if water is high enough.
22A	C, PI, W, B— <u>Hickory Landing</u>	N29.9884	1.5 miles up Owl Creek on right. U.S.
	Campground	W85.0141	Forest Service campground; no
			electricity.
19	POI, B—Prospect Bluff Historic Sites	N29.9383	East side of river; site of 1816 battle
	(note: check first to see if site has	W85.0122	between United States and free blacks,
	reopened from Hurricane Michael)		runaway slaves and Seminole Indians.

16	PC, PI—Van Horn Landing; call 850-	N29.8958	East side of river
	265-3676 for free camping permit.	W85.0117	
15	POI, PI, PC—Bloody Bluff Landing; call	N29.8733	East side of river; site of another 1816
	850-265-3676 for free camping	W85.0109	battle between American soldiers and
	permit.		blacks and Indians.
14	PC—high sandbar	N29.8634	West side of river
		W85.0149	
13	POI—Humphreys Slough	N29.8536	East side of river; part of Apalachicola
		W85.0209	Paddling Trails System (FWC)
12	POI—Brothers River	N29.8453	West side of river
12	FOI—BIOTHERS RIVER	W85.0330	West side of fiver
		VV83.0330	
10	POI—St. Marks River	N29.8243	East side of river; empties into East Bay
		W85.0204	
6	POI—Jackson River	N29.7790	West side of river; leads to Lake
		W85.0505	Wimico
4	PI—Box-R Wildlife Management Area,	N29.7684	West side of river; limited hours. Large
	Abercrombie Landing	W85.0433	sandbar across river (Second Sand Bar)
4	POI—Acorn lake Creek	N29.7660	East side of river; part of Apalachicola
_	TOT ACOTT TAKE CITECK	W85.0291	Paddling Trails System (FWC)
		VV03.0231	radding rais system (rwe)
0	PI—Apalachicola Battery Park; R, L, G	N29.7235	Hug western shore; just past Hwy 98
	nearby in downtown.	W84.9819	Bridge, turn right into canal to boat
			landing. There is also a primitive
			landing beneath the bridge.

### **Emergency Contacts for Apalachicola River region**

Police/Medical emergencies: 911

#### **Medical 24 Hour Emergency Services:**

County	Hospital	Phone & Address	
Calhoun	Calhoun Liberty	20370 North East Burns Avenue	
	Hospital	Blountstown, FL 32424	
		850-674-5411	
Franklin	Weems Memorial	135 Avenue G	
	Hospital	Apalachicola, FL 32320	
		850-653-8853	
Jackson Hospital		4250 Hospital Dr	
		Marianna, FL, 32446	
		850-526-2200	
Gadsden	Capital Regional	23186 Blue Star Hwy,	
	Medical Center	Quincy, FL 32351	
		850-875-6000	
Gulf	Sacred Heart Hospital	3801 E Hwy 98	
		Port St Joe, 32456	
		850-229-5600	

#### **Law Enforcement:**

Franklin County Sheriff: 850-670-8500

Gulf County Sheriff: 850-227-1115

Calhoun County Sheriff: 850-674-5049

Liberty County Sheriff: 850-643-2235

Gadsden County Sheriff: 850-627-9233

Jackson County Sheriff: 850-482-9624

Report wildlife violations: Florida Fish & Wildlife Conservation Commission Hotline: 1-888-404-3922 or

dial #FWC or \*FWC on cell phone. FWC Panama City regional office # is 850-265-3676.